

X67BCE321.L12

1 General information

PROFINET (Process Field Network) is an Industrial Ethernet protocol. It uses TCP/IP and is real-time capable.

PROFINET IO is specially designed for communication between a controller and decentralized field devices and describes the entire data exchange between controllers (masters) and devices (slaves) as well as configuration and diagnostics. It follows the producer-consumer model.

2 transfer variants are available:

- Real-time (RT) communication
- Isochronous real-time (IRT) communication

Within PROFINET IO, process data and alarms are always transferred in real time (RT). RT communication is the basis for data exchange with PROFINET IO. Clock-synchronous data exchange with PROFINET is defined in the isochronous real-time (IRT) concept. The difference to real-time communication lies essentially in the determinism, so that the start of a bus cycle is maintained with the highest precision.

X67 modules or other modules that are based on X2X Link can be connected to the bus controller. Modular system configurations are optimally supported by PROFINET. Using the device description file (GSDML format), it is very easy to handle project configuration in the respective engineering tool from the manufacturer of the master device.

- Fieldbus: PROFINET IO
- I/O configuration via the fieldbus
- Conformance Class B
- 1 ms minimum cycle time
- Integrated switch for wiring multiple slaves
- 100 Mbit/s full-duplex mode
- Up to 1440 bytes of input data and up to 1440 bytes of output data are possible
- Integrated website
- PROFINET diagnostics and module diagnostics during runtime from within the master environment
- Module and switch diagnostics during runtime using the website or SNMP
- 16 digital channels, configurable as inputs or outputs
- Integrated connection for additional 253 modules via X2X Link

2 Order data


Model number	Short description	Figure
	Bus controller modules	
X67BCE321.L12	X67 bus controller, 1 PROFINET interface, X2X Link power supply 15 W, 16 digital channels configurable as inputs or outputs, 24 VDC, 0.5 A, configurable input filter, 2 event counters 50 kHz, M12 connectors, high-density module	

Table 1: X67BCE321.L12 - Order data

Required accessories

See "Required cables and connectors" on page 8.

For a general overview, see section "Accessories - General overview" of the X67 system user's manual.

3 Technical data

Model number	X67BCE321.L12
Short description	
Bus controller	PROFINET IO slave
General information	
Inputs/Outputs	16 digital channels, configurable as inputs or outputs using software, inputs with additional functions
Isolation voltage between channel and bus	500 V _{eff}
Nominal voltage	24 VDC
B&R ID code	
Bus controller	0xC5E8
Internal I/O module	0xD9CB
Sensor/Actuator power supply	0.5 A summation current
Status indicators	I/O function per channel, supply voltage, bus function
Diagnostics	
Outputs	Yes, using LED status indicator and software
I/O power supply	Yes, using LED status indicator and software
Connection type	
Fieldbus	M12, D-coded
X2X Link	M12, B-coded
Inputs/Outputs	8x M12, A-coded
I/O power supply	M8, 4-pin
Power output	15 W X2X Link power supply for I/O modules
Power consumption	
Fieldbus	4.2 W
Internal I/O	2.5 W
X2X Link power supply	24.3 W at maximum power output for connected I/O modules
Certifications	
CE	Yes
EAC	Yes
UL	cULus E115267 Industrial control equipment
HazLoc	cCSAus 244665 Process control equipment for hazardous locations Class I, Division 2, Groups ABCD, T5
ATEX	Zone 2, II 3G Ex nA IIA T5 Gc IP67, Ta = 0 - Max. 60°C TÜV 05 ATEX 7201X
Interfaces	
Fieldbus	PROFINET IO slave
Variant	2x M12 interface (switch), 2x female connector on the module
Line length	Max. 100 m between 2 stations (segment length)
Transfer rate	100 Mbit/s
Transfer	
Physical layer	100BASE-TX
Half-duplex	Yes
Full-duplex	Yes
Autonegotiation	Yes
Auto-MDI / MDIX	Yes
Min. cycle time ¹⁾	
Fieldbus	1 ms
X2X Link	250 µs
Synchronization between bus systems possible	Yes
I/O power supply	
Nominal voltage	24 VDC
Voltage range	18 to 30 VDC
Integrated protection	Reverse polarity protection
Power consumption	
Sensor/Actuator power supply	Max. 12 W ²⁾
Sensor/Actuator power supply	
Voltage	I/O power supply minus voltage drop for short-circuit protection
Voltage drop for short-circuit protection at 0.5 A	Max. 2 VDC
Summation current	Max. 0.5 A
Short-circuit proof	Yes
Digital inputs	
Input voltage	18 to 30 VDC
Input current at 24 VDC	Typ. 4 mA
Input characteristics per EN 61131-2	Type 1
Input filter	
Hardware	≤10 µs (channels 1 to 4) / ≤70 µs (channels 5 to 16)
Software	Default 0 ms, configurable between 0 and 25 ms in 0.2 ms intervals
Input circuit	Sink
Additional functions	50 kHz event counting, gate measurement

Table 2: X67BCE321.L12 - Technical data

Model number	X67BCE321.L12
Input resistance	Typ. 6 k Ω
Switching threshold	
Low	<5 VDC
High	>15 VDC
Event counter	
Quantity	2
Signal form	Square wave pulse
Evaluation	Each negative edge, cyclic counter
Input frequency	Max. 50 kHz
Counter 1	Input 1
Counter 2	Input 3
Counter frequency	Max. 50 kHz
Counter size	16-bit
Gate measurement	
Quantity	1
Signal form	Square wave pulse
Evaluation	Positive edge - Negative edge
Counter frequency	
Internal	48 MHz, 3 MHz, 187.5 kHz
Counter size	16-bit
Length of pause between pulses	$\geq 100 \mu\text{s}$
Pulse length	$\geq 20 \mu\text{s}$
Supported inputs	Input 2
Digital outputs	
Variant	FET positive switching
Switching voltage	I/O power supply minus residual voltage
Nominal output current	0.5 A
Total nominal current	8 A
Output circuit	Source
Output protection	Thermal shutdown in the event of overcurrent or short circuit, integrated protection for switching inductive loads, reverse polarity protection of the output power supply
Diagnostic status	Output monitoring with 10 ms delay
Leakage current when switched off	5 μA
Switching on after overload shutdown	Approx. 10 ms (depends on the module temperature)
Residual voltage	<0.3 V at 0.5 A nominal current
Peak short-circuit current	<12 A
Switching delay	
0 \rightarrow 1	<400 μs
1 \rightarrow 0	<400 μs
Switching frequency	
Resistive load	Max. 100 Hz
Inductive load	See section "Switching inductive loads".
Braking voltage when switching off inductive loads	50 VDC
Electrical properties	
Electrical isolation	Bus isolated from PROFINET and channel Channel not isolated from channel
Operating conditions	
Mounting orientation	
Any	Yes
Installation elevation above sea level	
0 to 2000 m	No limitation
>2000 m	Reduction of ambient temperature by 0.5°C per 100 m
Degree of protection per EN 60529	IP67
Ambient conditions	
Temperature	
Operation	-25 to 60°C
Derating	-
Storage	-40 to 85°C
Transport	-40 to 85°C
Mechanical properties	
Dimensions	
Width	53 mm
Height	155 mm
Depth	42 mm
Weight	350 g
Torque for connections	
M8	Max. 0.4 Nm
M12	Max. 0.6 Nm

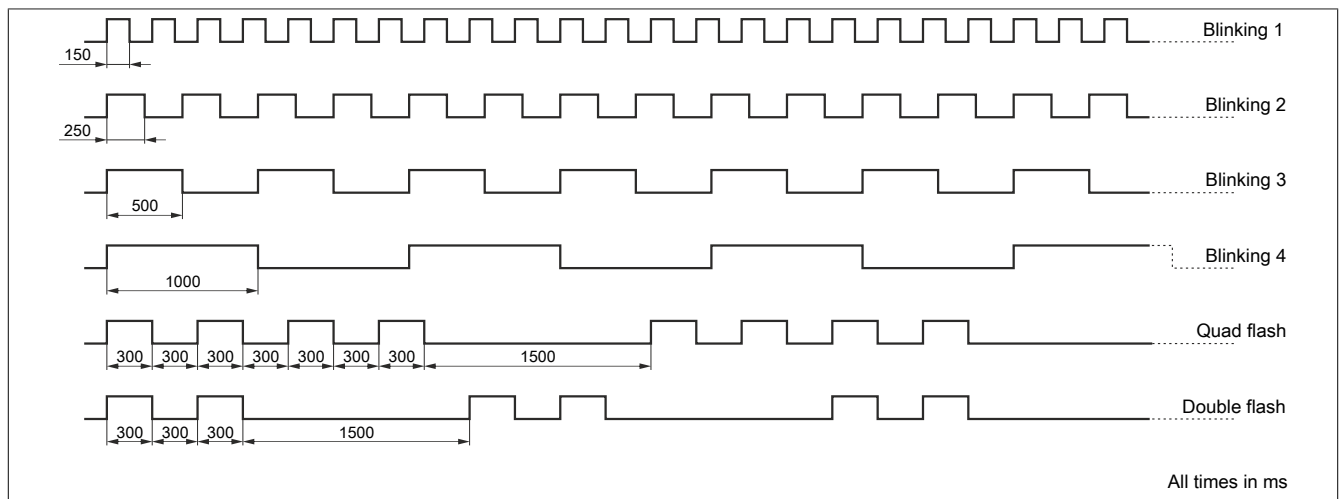
Table 2: X67BCE321.L12 - Technical data

- 1) The minimum cycle time specifies the time up to which the bus cycle can be reduced without communication errors occurring.
- 2) The power consumption of the sensors and actuators connected to the module is not permitted to exceed 12 W.

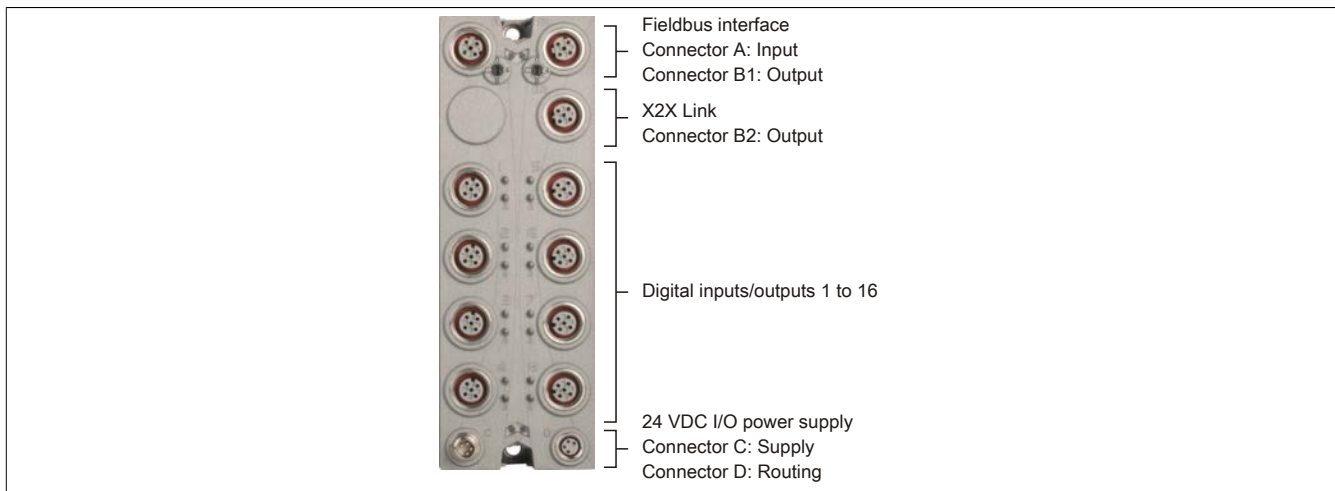
4 LED status indicators

Figure	LED	Color	Status	Description
<p>Status indicator 1: Left: L/A IF; right: MS & BF</p> <p>Status indicator 2: Left: green, Right: red</p>	Status indicator 1			
	MS and BF (combined)	Green	On	Connection has been established to a PROFINET master. The master and slave are both operational and data is being exchanged between them. This state also indicates that the master itself is in the RUN state.
			Blinking 1	The bus controller is in the initialization phase. This boot phase is where all connected I/O modules are initialized.
			Blinking 3	The bus controller is configuring the connected I/O modules. The configuration is transferred to the bus controller via the PROFINET master.
			Double flash	An unacknowledged alarm is pending on the bus controller.
		Red	On	Not connected to a PROFINET master
			Quad flash	The bus controller does not have a valid IP address (0.0.0.0). It will wait in this state until it is assigned an IP address from the PROFINET master or from an external source. This state can also occur if the bus controller is being operated in DHCP mode.
			Blinking 4	The bus controller has detected an error. However, it can still be corrected in the master environment during runtime.
			Blinking 1	The bus controller has detected an error. This error cannot be corrected during runtime; a restart is required.
			Off	The PROFINET master is in state "Stop" or the BC is not running (power supply, etc.)
	L/A IF1 & IF2 (combined)	Green	On	Indicates an established connection (link), but no communication is taking place
			Blinking	Ethernet activity taking place on the interface (IF1, IF2) indicated by the LED
		Red	Blinking 2	Device identification ("blink" function in step 7 when searching for existing Ethernet stations)
			Off	An active connection or link does not exist. No other device (PC, PROFINET master / slave) connected to any interface (IF1, IF2).
	I/O LEDs			
1-1/2 to 8-1/2	Orange	-	Input/Output status of the corresponding channel	
Status indicator 2				
Left	Green	Off	No power to module	
		Single flash	No power to module	
		Blinking	PREOPERATIONAL mode	
		On	RUN mode	
Right	Red	Off	No power to module or everything OK	
		On	Error or reset status	
		Single flash	Warning or error on an I/O channel. Level monitoring for digital outputs has been triggered.	
		Double flash	Supply voltage not in the valid range	

Status indicator 1 LED - Blink times



5 Operating and connection elements



6 Fieldbus interfaces

The module is connected to the network using pre-assembled cables. The connection is made using M12 circular connectors.

Connection	Pinout		
	Pin	Name	
	1	TXD	Transmit data
	2	RXD	Receive data
	3	TXD\	Transmit data\
	4	RXD\	Receive data\
	Shield connection made via threaded insert in the module		
	A → D-keyed (female), input B1 → D-keyed (female), output		

Information:

The color of the wires used in field-assembled cables for connecting to the fieldbus interface may deviate from the standard.

It is extremely important to make sure that the pinout is correct (see X67 section "Accessories - POWERLINK cables" in the X67 user's manual).

6.1 Cabling guidelines for bus controllers with Ethernet cables

Some X67 system bus controllers are based on Ethernet technology. POWERLINK cables supplied by B&R can be used for wiring.

Model number	Connection type
X67CA0E41.xxxx	Attachment cables - RJ45 to M12
X67CA0E61.xxxx	Connection cables - M12 to M12

The following cabling guidelines must be observed:

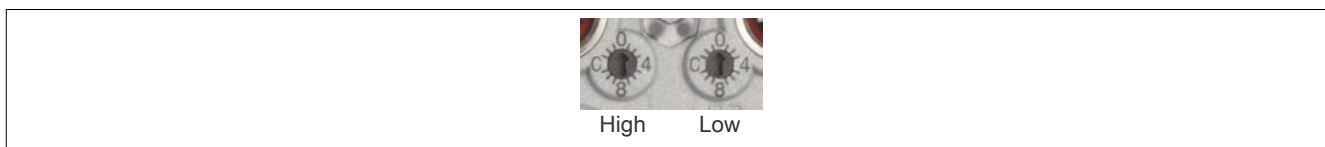
- Use Cat 5 SFTP cables.
- Observe the minimum cable bend radius (see data sheet for the cable).

Information:

Using POWERLINK cables supplied by B&R (X67CA0E61.xxxx and X67CA0E41.xxxx) satisfies product standard EN 61131-2.

The customer must implement additional measures in the event of further requirements.

6.2 Node number



The bus controller has 2 node number switches. The bus controller can be set to different operating modes using certain, pre-defined switch positions. They can also be used to configure various additional parameters (PROFINET device name, DHCP mode, etc.).

Switch position	Description
0x00	All parameters are loaded from flash memory: Default PROFINET initialization via the DCP protocol (factory state)
0x01 to 0xEF	These switch positions generate a valid PROFINET device name. This name is composed as follows: "brpnXXX". XXX refers to the decimal value of the node number switch position. Leading zeros are automatically added by the bus controller and must be taken into account on the master side (e.g. node number 0x01 corresponds to "brpn001" on the master side).
0xF0	Clears flash (see "Erasing flash memory" on page 7)
0xF1 to 0xFD	Reserved, switch position not permitted
0xFE	IP address via DHCP server
0xFF	All parameters set to default: PME mode

Default PROFINET factory state - Node number switch position 0x00

Parameter	Value
IP address	0.0.0.0
Subnet mask	0.0.0.0
Gateway	0.0.0.0
PROFINET device name	"" ... no factory default name

Default parameters - Node number switch position 0xFF

Parameters cannot be changed by the master in node switch position 0xFF.

Parameter	Value
IP address	192.168.100.1
Subnet mask	255.255.255.0
Gateway	192,168,100,254
PROFINET device name	x67bce321.l12

6.2.1 Erasing flash memory

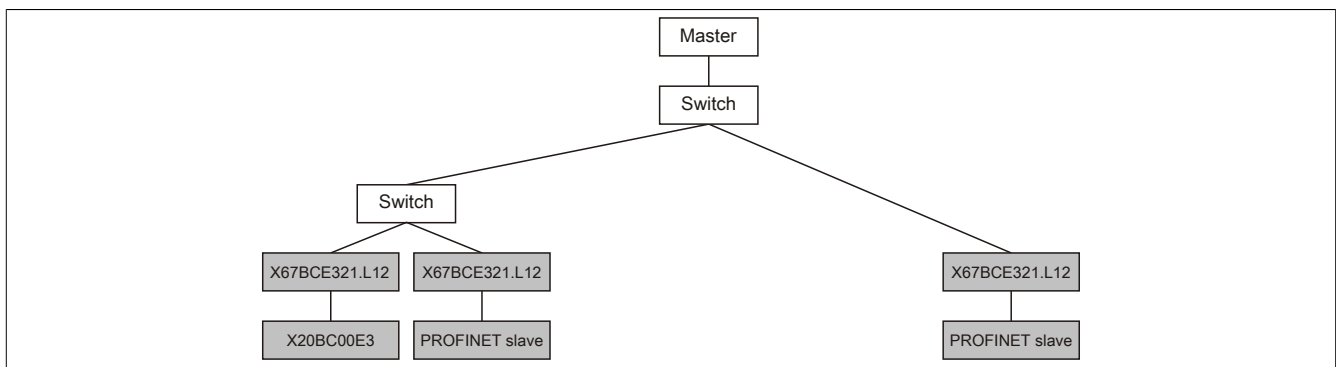
Erasing flash memory using switch position 0xF0 returns the bus controller to its factory state.

Steps to be performed

1. Turn off the power supply to the bus controller.
2. Set the node number to 0xF0.
3. Turn on the power supply to the bus controller.
4. Wait until the MS LED flashes green for 5 s. The node number switch must be set to 0x00 and then back to 0xF0 within this time window of 5 seconds (turn switch "High").
5. Wait until the MS LED blinks with a red double-flash (flash memory has been erased).
6. Turn off the power supply to the bus controller.
7. Set the desired node number (0x00 to 0xEF).
8. Turn on the power supply to the bus controller.
9. The bus controller boots with the configured node number.

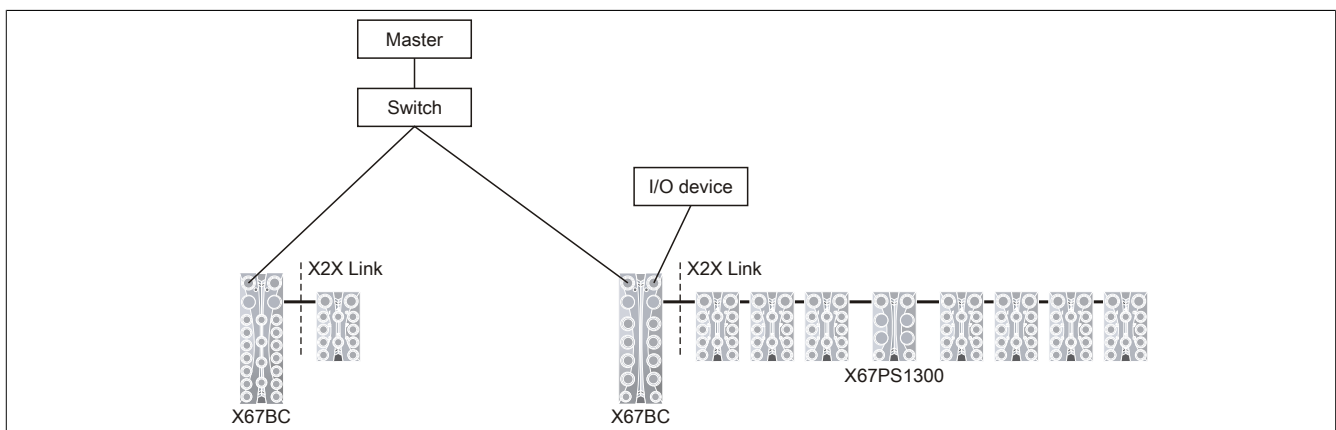
6.3 Integration into a PROFINET network

This bus controller can be used in a tree or line topology as follows:



6.4 System configuration

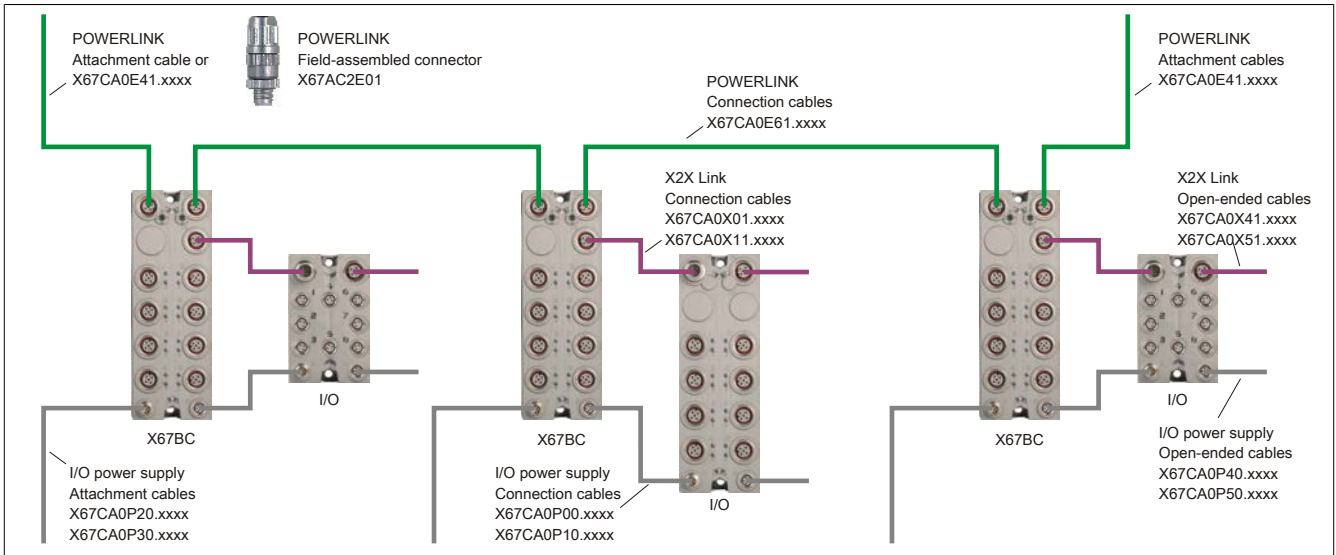
A digital mixed module is already integrated in the bus controller. Up to 252 I/O modules can be connected to the bus controller.



Information:

15 W are provided by the bus controller for additional X67 modules or other X2X Link-based modules. System supply module X67PS1300 is needed for additional power. This system supply module provides 15 W for additional modules. Each one should be mounted in the middle of the modules that are to be supplied with power.

6.5 Required cables and connectors



7 X2X Link

Additional modules can be connected to the bus controller via X2X Link using pre-assembled cables. The connection is made using an M12 circular connector.

Connection	Pinout	
	Pin	Name
	1	X2X+
	2	X2X
	3	X2X _L
	4	X2X _I
Shield connection made via threaded insert in the module		
B2 → B-keyed (female), output		

8 24 VDC I/O power supply

The I/O power supply is connected via M8 connectors C and D. The power supply is connected via connection C (male). Connector D (female) is used to route the power supply to other modules.

The fieldbus / X2X Link power supply and I/O power supply are supplied separately via pins 1 and 2.

Information:

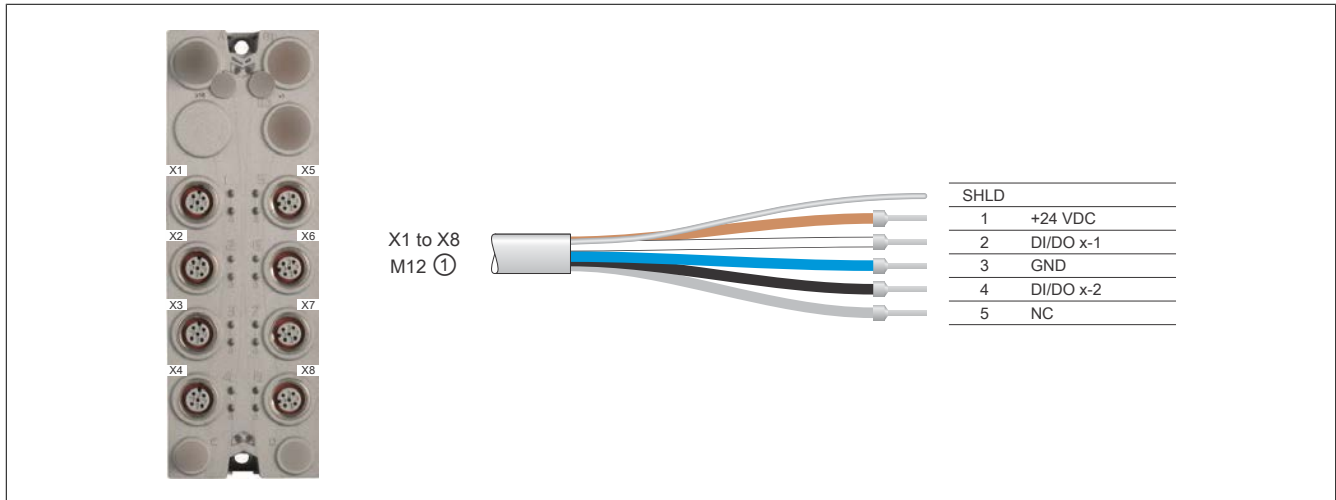
The maximum permissible current for the I/O power supply is 8 A (4 A per pin).

Connection	Pinout		
	Pin	Connector C (male)	Connector D (female)
	1	24 VDC fieldbus / X2X Link	24 VDC I/O
	2	24 VDC I/O	24 VDC I/O
	3	GND	GND
	4	GND	GND
	C → Connector (male) in module, feed for I/O power supply		
	D → Connector (female) in module, routing of I/O power supply		

9 Integrated digital mixed module

1 additional mixed module can be saved by the digital mixed module integrated in the bus controller.

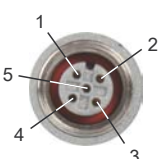

9.1 Pinout



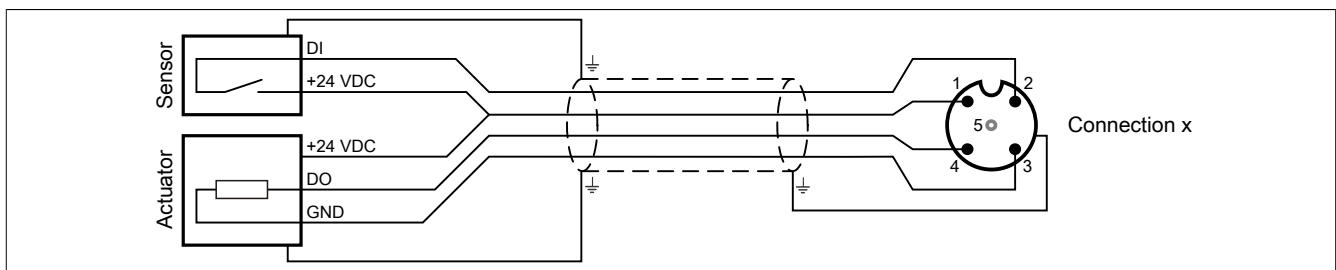
① X67CA0A41.xxxx: M12 sensor cable, straight

X67CA0A51.xxxx: M12 sensor cable, angled

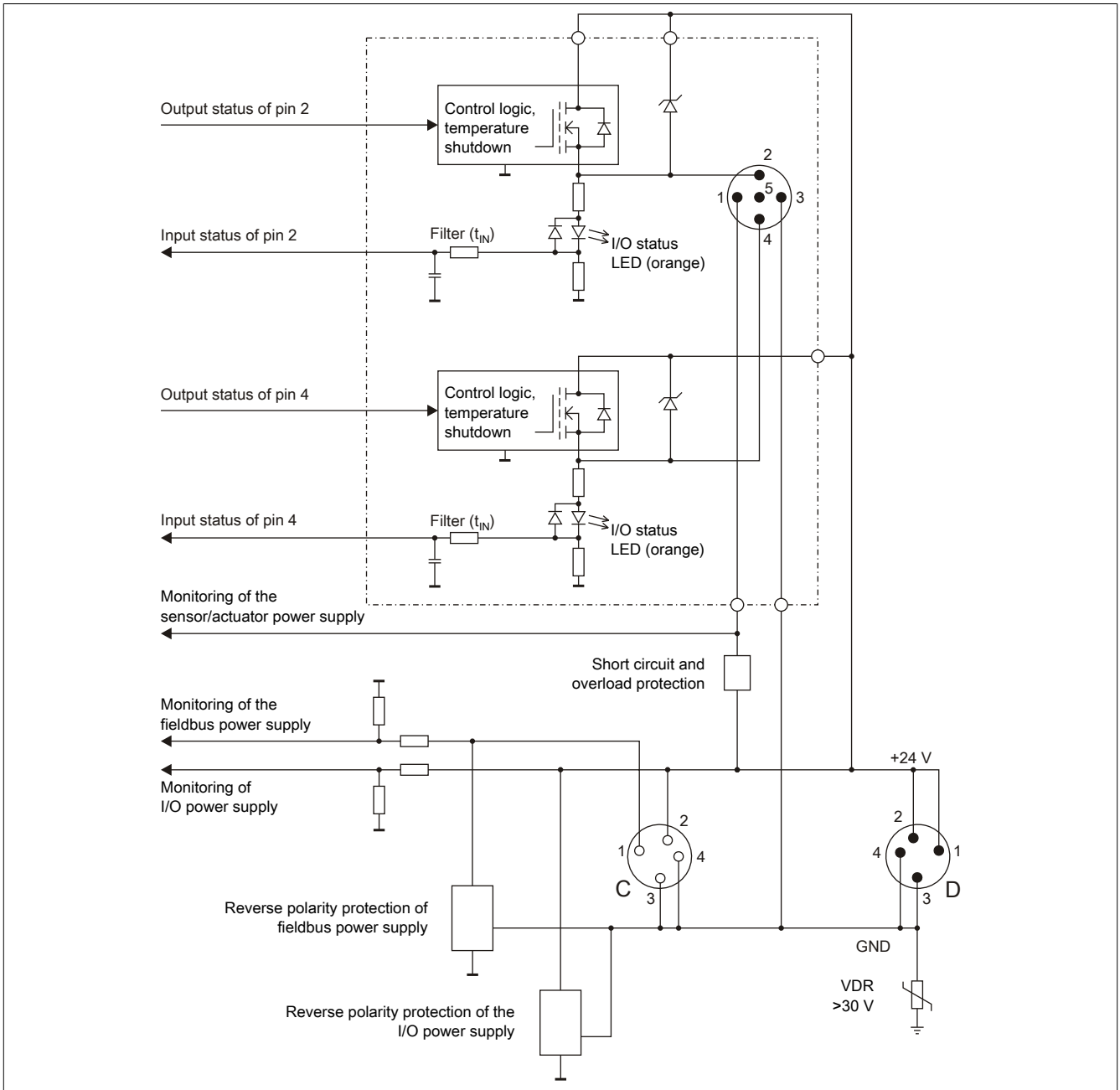
9.2 Connection X1 to X8

M12, 5-pin	Pinout												
Connection 1 to 4 	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Pin</th> <th>Name</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>24 VDC sensor/actuator power supply¹⁾</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Input/Output x-1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>GND</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>Input/Output x-2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>NC</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Pin	Name	1	24 VDC sensor/actuator power supply ¹⁾	2	Input/Output x-1	3	GND	4	Input/Output x-2	5	NC
Pin	Name												
1	24 VDC sensor/actuator power supply ¹⁾												
2	Input/Output x-1												
3	GND												
4	Input/Output x-2												
5	NC												
Connection 5 to 8 	Shield connection made via threaded insert in the module. 1) Sensors/Actuators are not permitted to be supplied externally. X1 to X8 → A-keyed (female), input/output												

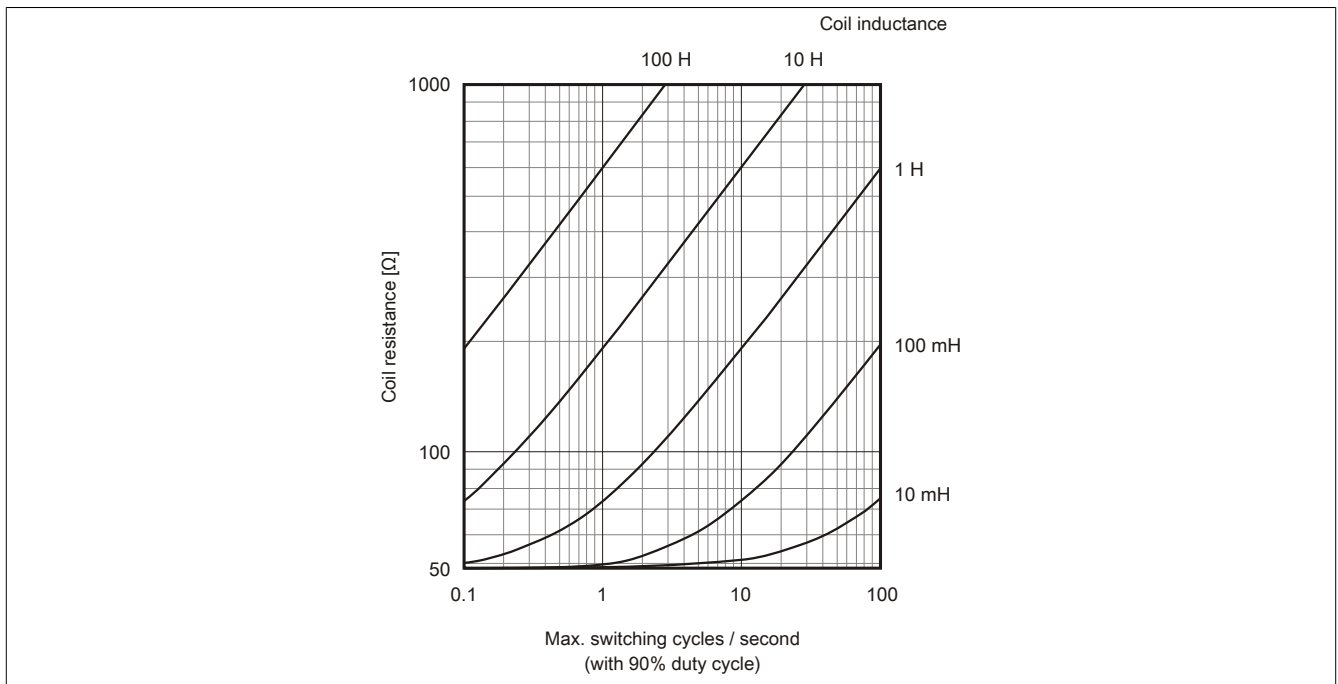
9.3 Connection example



9.4 Input/Output circuit diagram



9.5 Switching inductive loads



10 Integrated website

The integrated website gives the user an overview of the bus controller's network parameters, the configured I/O modules and the switch configuration. The starting page includes information regarding specific bus controller settings such as IP address, hostname and the PROFINET device name. In addition, the website provides information about the current firmware version. Information concerning module diagnostics is incorporated into a tree structure. Expanding and collapsing the individual module nodes provides an overview of the configured I/O modules. In addition, various package counters are read from the integrated switch. This makes diagnosing errors on the network quick and easy.

Network parameters concerning the bus controller itself can be read, but they cannot be modified. The bus controller's IP configuration is handled during booting or by the PROFINET master when a connection is established.

Each page of the website contains help information that describes the functions and parameters displayed on that page. The link to this information can be found in the upper right corner of the page in the form of a question mark.

A connection to the website is established by entering the **current IP address** or the unique **hostname** in a Web browser. Some functions require authentication.

The hostname is composed of a predefined text and a unique MAC address. For example, if the bus controller has the MAC address 00:60:65:11:22:33, this will result in the following hostname: **br006065112233**.

Default parameters available for the integrated website

IP address:	192.168.100.1
Username:	admin
Password:	B&R

Information:

Take note of the node number switch position.

Please note that authentication parameters are case-sensitive.

The screenshot displays the B&R BuR PN BC Web Interface in a browser window. The address bar shows the IP address 192.168.100.1. The page features a navigation menu on the left with options: Device Status, Switch Status, Module Diagnostics, and Advanced. The main content area is titled 'Device Status' and includes a PROFINET logo with a 'Download GSDML File' link. Below this, the 'Network Settings' section lists the following parameters:

Device name:	X67BCE321.L12
Host name:	br006065160163
IP address:	192.168.100.1
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0
Standard gateway:	192.168.100.254
MAC address:	00-60-65-16-01-63
DHCP:	off

The 'Version Info' section shows:

Update firmware:	1.06
Default firmware:	1.04
Webpage:	1.4
Hardware:	1

The 'General' section shows:

Operational State:	OK (0x000)
Active boot block:	Update firmware (1.06)
Network address switch:	FF

The footer of the page contains the copyright notice: © 2011 B&R www.br-automation.com

11 Register description

11.1 General data points

In addition to the registers listed in the register description, the module also has other more general data points. These registers are not specific to the module but contain general information such as serial number and hardware version.

These general data points are listed in section "Additional information - General data points" of the X67 system user's manual.

11.2 Function model 2 - Standard

Register	Name	Data type	Read		Write	
			Cyclic	Acyclic	Cyclic	Acyclic
Configuration						
16	ConfigIOMask01	USINT				•
17	ConfigIOMask02	USINT				•
18	ConfigOutput03 (input filter)	USINT				•
Communication						
0	Input state of digital inputs 1 to 16	UINT	•			
	DigitalInput01	Bit 0				
				
2	DigitalInput16	Bit 15			•	
	Switching state of digital outputs 1 to 16	UINT				
	DigitalOutput01	Bit 0				
30	•			
	DigitalOutput16	Bit 15				
	Status of digital outputs 1 to 16	UINT				
26	StatusDigitalOutput01	Bit 0	•			
				
	StatusDigitalOutput16	Bit 15				
27	Input latch - Rising edges 1 to 8	USINT	•			
	InputLatch01	Bit 0				
				
28	InputLatch08	Bit 7	•			
	Input latch - Rising edges 9 to 16	USINT				
	InputLatch09	Bit 0				
29	•			
	InputLatch16	Bit 7				
	Acknowledgment - Input latch 1 to 8	USINT				
8192	QuitInputLatch01	Bit 0			•	
				
	QuitInputLatch08	Bit 7				
8196	QuitInputLatch09	Bit 0			•	
				
	QuitInputLatch16	Bit 7				
8208	asy_ModulID	UINT		•		
8210	asy_SupplyStatus	USINT		•		
	asy_SupplyInput	USINT		•		
	asy_SupplyOutput	USINT		•		

11.3 Function model 1 - Counter

Register	Name	Data type	Read		Write	
			Cyclic	Acyclic	Cyclic	Acyclic
Configuration						
16	ConfigIOMask01	USINT				•
17	ConfigIOMask02	USINT				•
20	ConfigOutput01 (counter channel 1)	USINT				•
22	ConfigOutput02 (counter channel 2)	USINT				•
18	ConfigOutput03 (input filter)	USINT				•
Communication						
0	Input state of digital inputs 1 to 16	UINT	•			
	DigitalInput01	Bit 0				
				
2	DigitalInput16	Bit 15			•	
	Switching state of digital outputs 1 to 16	UINT				
	DigitalOutput01	Bit 0				
30	•			
	DigitalOutput16	Bit 15				
	Status of digital outputs 1 to 16	UINT				
26	StatusDigitalOutput01	Bit 0	•			
				
	StatusDigitalOutput16	Bit 15				
27	Input latch - Rising edges 1 to 8	USINT	•			
	InputLatch01	Bit 0				
				
27	InputLatch08	Bit 7	•			
	Input latch - Rising edges 9 to 16	USINT				
	InputLatch09	Bit 0				
28			•	
	InputLatch16	Bit 7				
	Acknowledgment - Input latch 1 to 8	USINT				
29	QuitInputLatch01	Bit 0			•	
				
	QuitInputLatch08	Bit 7				
29	QuitInputLatch09	Bit 0			•	
				
	QuitInputLatch16	Bit 7				
4	Counter01	UINT	•			
6	Counter02	UINT	•			
20	Reset counter 1	USINT			•	
	ResetCounter01	Bit 5				
22	Reset counter 2	USINT			•	
	ResetCounter02	Bit 5				
8192	asy_ModulID	UINT		•		
8196	asy_SupplyStatus	USINT		•		
8208	asy_SupplyInput	USINT		•		
8210	asy_SupplyOutput	USINT		•		

11.4 Function model 254 - Bus controller

Register	Offset ¹⁾	Name	Data type	Read		Write	
				Cyclic	Acyclic	Cyclic	Acyclic
Configuration							
16	-	ConfigIOMask01	USINT				•
17	-	ConfigIOMask02	USINT				•
20	-	ConfigOutput01 (counter channel 1)	USINT				•
22	-	ConfigOutput02 (counter channel 2)	USINT				•
18	-	ConfigOutput03 (input filter)	USINT				•
Communication							
0	0	Input state of digital inputs 1 to 16	UINT	•			
		DigitalInput01	Bit 0				
					
		DigitalInput16	Bit 15				
2	2	Switching state of digital outputs 1 to 16	UINT			•	
		DigitalOutput01	Bit 0				
					
		DigitalOutput16	Bit 15				
30	-	Status of digital outputs 1 to 16	UINT	•			
		StatusDigitalOutput01	Bit 0				
					
		StatusDigitalOutput16	Bit 15				
26	-	Input latch - Rising edges 1 to 8	USINT	•			
		InputLatch01	Bit 0				
					
		InputLatch08	Bit 7				
27	-	Input latch - Rising edges 9 to 16	USINT	•			
		InputLatch09	Bit 0				
					
		InputLatch16	Bit 7				
28	-	Acknowledgment - Input latch 1 to 8	USINT			•	
		QuitInputLatch01	Bit 0				
					
		QuitInputLatch08	Bit 7				
29	-	Acknowledgment - Input latch 9 to 16	USINT			•	
		QuitInputLatch09	Bit 0				
					
		QuitInputLatch16	Bit 7				
4	-	Counter01	UINT		•		
6	-	Counter02	UINT		•		
20	-	Reset counter 1	USINT			•	
		ResetCounter01	Bit 5				
22	-	Reset counter 2	USINT			•	
		ResetCounter02	Bit 5				
8192	-	asy_ModulID	UINT		•		
8196	-	asy_SupplyStatus	USINT		•		
8208	-	asy_SupplyInput	USINT		•		
8210	-	asy_SupplyOutput	USINT		•		

1) The offset specifies the position of the register within the CAN object.

11.4.1 Using the module on the bus controller

Function model 254 "Bus controller" is used by default only by non-configurable bus controllers. All other bus controllers can use additional registers and functions depending on the fieldbus used.

For detailed information, see section "Additional information - Using I/O modules on the bus controller" of the X67 user's manual (version 3.30 or later).

11.4.2 CAN I/O bus controller

The module occupies 2 digital logical slots on CAN I/O.

11.5 Configuration

11.5.1 I/O mask 1 to 8

Name:

ConfigIOMask01

Channels are configured as inputs/outputs in this register. It also determines whether output monitoring or filtering is applied to the channels. Outputs are monitored but not filtered.

Information:

In counter operation, channels 1 to 4 can only be configured as inputs.

Data type	Values	Bus controller default setting
USINT	See bit structure.	0

Bit structure:

Bit	Description	Value	Information
0	Channel 1 configured as input/output	0	Configured as input (bus controller default setting)
		1	Configured as output
...
7	Channel 8 configured as input/output	0	Configured as input (bus controller default setting)
		1	Configured as output

11.5.2 I/O mask 9 to 16

Name:

ConfigIOMask02

Channels are configured as inputs/outputs in this register. It also determines whether output monitoring or filtering is applied to the channels. Outputs are monitored but not filtered.

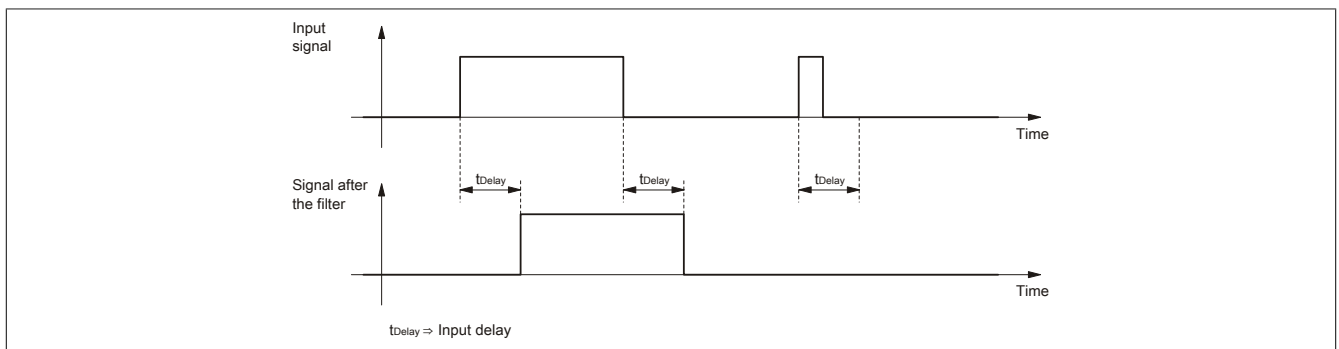
Data type	Values	Bus controller default setting
USINT	See bit structure.	0

Bit structure:

Bit	Description	Value	Information
0	Channel 9 configured as input/output	0	Configured as input (bus controller default setting)
		1	Configured as output
...
7	Channel 16 configured as input/output	0	Configured as input (bus controller default setting)
		1	Configured as output

11.5.3 Input filter

An input filter is available for each input. The input delay can be set using register "[ConfigOutput03](#)" on page 17. Disturbance pulses which are shorter than the input delay are suppressed by the input filter.



11.5.3.1 Digital input filter

Name:

ConfigOutput03

This register can be used to specify the filter value for all digital inputs.

The filter value can be configured in steps of 100 μ s. It makes sense to enter values in steps of 2, however, since the input signals are sampled every 200 μ s.

Data type	Value	Filter
USINT	0	No software filter (bus controller default setting)
	2	0.2 ms

	250	25 ms - Higher values are limited to this value

11.5.4 Configuration of Counter Channels 1 and 2

Name:

ConfigOutput01 to ConfigOutput02

ResetCounter01 to ResetCounter02

Counter channels 1 and 2 are configured in this register.

Data type	Values	Bus controller default setting
USINT	See bit structure.	0

Bit structure:

Bit	Description	Value	Information
0 - 2	Configuration of the counter frequency (only with gate measurement)	000	Counter frequency = 48 MHz (bus controller default setting)
		001	Counter frequency = 3 MHz
		010	Counter frequency = 187.5 kHz
		011 to 111	Reserved
3 - 4	Reserved	0	
5	ResetCounter0x	0	No affect on counter (bus controller default setting)
		1	Delete counter
6 - 7	Configuration of the operating mode	0	Event counter operation (Bus controller default setting)
		1	Gate measurement

Event counter operation

The falling edges are registered on the counter input.

The counter status is collected with a fixed offset to the network cycle and transferred in the same cycle.

Gate measurement

Information:

Only one of the counter channels at a time can be used for gate measurement.

The time of rising to falling edges for the gate input is registered using an internal frequency. The result is checked for overflow (0xFFFF).

The recovery time between measurements must be >100 μ s.

The measurement result is transferred with the falling edge to the result memory.

11.6 Communication

11.6.1 Digital inputs

Unfiltered

The input state is collected with a fixed offset to the network cycle and transferred in the same cycle.

Filtered

The filtered status is collected with a fixed offset to the network cycle and transferred in the same cycle. Filtering takes place asynchronously to the network in multiples of 200 μ s with a network-related jitter of up to 50 μ s.

11.6.1.1 Input state of digital inputs 1 to 16

Name:

DigitalInput01 to DigitalInput16

This register indicates the input state of digital inputs 1 to 16.

Data type	Values
UINT	See the bit structure.

Bit structure:

Bit	Name	Value	Information
0	DigitalInput01	0 or 1	Input state - Digital input 1
...		...	
15	DigitalInput16	0 or 1	Input state - Digital input 16

11.6.2 Digital outputs

The output status is transferred to the output channels with a fixed offset in relation to the network cycle (SyncOut).

11.6.2.1 Switching state of digital outputs 1 to 16

Name:

DigitalOutput01 to DigitalOutput16

This register is used to store the switching state of digital outputs 1 to 16.

Data type	Values
UINT	See the bit structure.

Bit structure:

Bit	Name	Value	Information
0	DigitalOutput01	0	Digital output 01 reset
		1	Digital output 01 set
...		...	
15	DigitalOutput16	0	Digital output 16 reset
		1	Digital output 16 set

11.6.3 Monitoring status of the digital outputs

On the module, the output states of the outputs are compared to the target states. The control of the output driver is used for the target state.

A change in the output state resets monitoring for that output. The status of each individual channel can be read. A change in the monitoring status generates an error message.

11.6.3.1 Status of digital outputs 1 to 16

Name:

StatusDigitalOutput01 to StatusDigitalOutput16

This register is used to indicate the status of digital outputs 1 to 16.

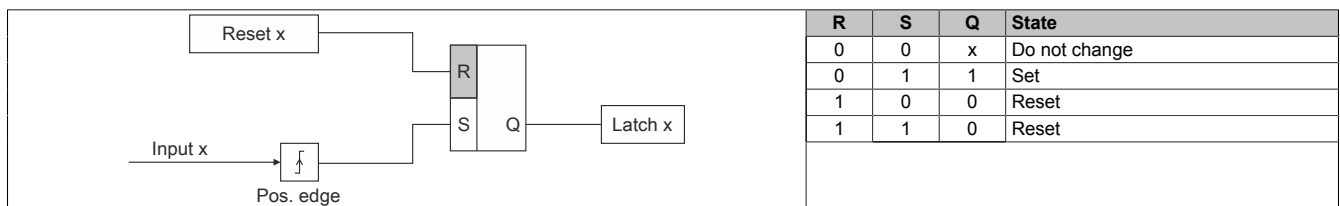
Data type	Values
UINT	See the bit structure.

Bit structure:

Bit	Name	Value	Information
0	StatusDigitalOutput01	0	Channel 01: No error
		1	Channel 01: Short circuit or overload
...
15	StatusDigitalOutput16	0	Channel 16: No error
		1	Channel 16: Short circuit or overload

11.6.4 Input latch

It works in the same way as a dominant reset RS flip-flop.



11.6.4.1 Input latch - Rising edges 1 to 8

Name:

InputLatch01 to InputLatch08

The rising edges of the input signal can be latched with a resolution of 200 μ s in this register. The input latch is either reset or prevented from latching with register "QuitInputLatch0x" on page 20.

Data type	Values
USINT	See the bit structure.

Bit structure:

Bit	Name	Value	Information
0	InputLatch01	0	Do not latch input 1
		1	Latch input 1
...
7	InputLatch08	0	Do not latch input 8
		1	Latch input 8

11.6.4.2 Input latch - Rising edges 9 to 16

Name:

InputLatch09 to InputLatch16

The rising edges of the input signal can be latched with a resolution of 200 μ s in this register. The input latch is either reset or prevented from latching with register "QuitInputLatchxx" on page 20.

Data type	Values
USINT	See the bit structure.

Bit structure:

Bit	Name	Value	Information
0	InputLatch09	0	Do not latch input 9
		1	Latch input 9
...		...	
7	InputLatch16	0	Do not latch input 16
		1	Latch input 16

11.6.4.3 Acknowledgment - Input latch 1 to 8

Name:

QuitInputLatch01 to QuitInputLatch08

This register is used to reset the input latch by channel.

Data type	Values
USINT	See the bit structure.

Bit structure:

Bit	Name	Value	Information
0	QuitInputLatch01	0	Do not reset input 1
		1	Reset input 1
...		...	
7	QuitInputLatch08	0	Do not reset input 8
		1	Reset input 8

11.6.4.4 Acknowledgment - Input latch 9 to 16

Name:

QuitInputLatch09 to QuitInputLatch16

This register is used to reset the input latch by channel.

Data type	Values
USINT	See the bit structure.

Bit structure:

Bit	Name	Value	Information
0	QuitInputLatch09	0	Do not reset input 9
		1	Reset input 9
...		...	
7	QuitInputLatch16	0	Do not reset input 16
		1	Reset input 16

11.6.5 Event counter / Gate measurement

Name:

Counter01 and Counter02

Depending on the mode, this register contains the counter value or gate time of channel 1 and channel 2.

Data type	Values
UINT	0 to 65535

11.6.6 Reading the module ID

Name:

asy_ModulID

This register offers the possibility to read the module ID.

Data type	Values
UINT	Module ID

11.6.7 Operating limit status registers

Name:

asy_SupplyStatus

This register can be used to read the status of the operating limits.

Data type	Value
USINT	See bit structure.

Bit structure:

Bit	Description	Value	Information
0	Input supply within / outside of the warning limits	0	Within the warning limits (18 to 30 V)
		1	Outside of the warning limits (<18 V or >30 V)
1	Reserved	0	
2	Output supply within / outside of the warning limits	0	Within the warning limits (18 to 30 V)
		1	Outside of the warning limits (<18 V or >30 V)
3 - 7	Reserved	0	

11.6.8 I/O supply voltage

Name:

asy_SupplyInput

This register contains the I/O supply voltage measured by the module.

Data type	Values	Information
USINT	0 to 255	Resolution 1 V

11.6.9 Output supply voltage

Name:

asy_SupplyOutput

This register contains the output supply voltage measured by the module.

Data type	Values	Information
USINT	0 to 255	Resolution 1 V

11.7 Minimum I/O update time

The minimum I/O update time defines how far the bus cycle can be reduced while still allowing an I/O update to take place in each cycle.

Minimum I/O update time	
Without filtering	150 µs
With filtering	200 µs
Counter operation	250 µs

11.8 Minimum cycle time

The minimum cycle time specifies the time up to which the bus cycle can be reduced without communication errors occurring. It is important to note that very fast cycles reduce the idle time available for handling monitoring, diagnostics and acyclic commands.

Minimum cycle time	
Without filtering	150 µs
With filtering	200 µs
Counter operation	250 µs